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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/667,187	09/17/2003	Michael J. Munchhof	PC25292A	9326
28523	7590 09/02/2004		EXAMINER	
PFIZER INC.			OWENS, AMELIA A	
PATENT DEPARTMENT, MS8260-1611 EASTERN POINT ROAD			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
GROTON,	CT 06340	1625		
			DATE MAILED: 00/02/200	

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/667,187	MUNCHHOF ET AL.			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
		Amelia A. Owens	1625			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app					
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply opened for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period the toright of the provision of the toright of the provision of the maximum statutory period the property reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day, vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D. (35.U.S.C. 6.133)			
Status						
1)[<u></u>	Responsive to communication(s) filed on This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3)[,— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-13</u> is/are pending in the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1,12 and 13</u> is/are rejected.					
7)⊠	Claim(s) 2-11 is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)□ :	The specification is objected to by the Examiner					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		xaminer			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa					
	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) 🗌 ,	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	·(d) or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No			
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori		d in this National Stage			
* S	application from the International Bureau ee the attached detailed Office action for a list of		4			
-	or and additional design for a not c	or the certified copies not received				
Attachment	(s)					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (
3) 🛛 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) No(s)/Mail Date $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{6}{3}$	Paper No(s)/Mail Dat 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:				
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Application/Control Number: 10/667,187

Art Unit: 1625

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-13 are pending.

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-11 in the reply filed on June 21, 2004 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the examiner has not shown a serious burden.

Claims 12-13 are rejoined to extent they depend from or include all the limitations of an allowable product claim. See MPEP 821.04.

Claims 1-11 have been examined to the extend they read on the elected invention of $X = A^T S$ and R1 being benzopyrimidine, R3/R4=nonheterocyclic, s= one to five.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 12 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the enablement requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,187

Art Unit: 1625

There are many factors to be considered when determining whether there is sufficient evidence to support a determination that a disclosure does not satisfy the enablement requirement and whether any necessary experimentation is "undue". These factors include 1) the breadth of the claims, 2) the nature of the invention, 3) the state of the prior art, 4) the level of one of ordinary skill, 5) the level of predictability in the art, 6) the amount of direction provided by the inventor, 7) the existence of working examples, and 8) the quantity of experimentation needed to make or use the invention based on the content of the disclosure. In re Wands, 858 F.2d 731, 737, 8 USPQ2d 1400, 1404 (Fed. Cir. 1988).

The nature of the invention: The nature of the invention is compounds of formula Ia or Ib and their prodrug, hydrate or solvate thereof; a method of preventing or treating TGF-related disease state in general and cancer in particular. See claims 1, 12, 13.

The state of the prior art: The state of the prior art is that it involves screening in vitro and in vivo to determine which compounds exhibit the desired pharmacological activities (i.e. what compounds can treat which specific disease). There is no absolute predictability even in view of the seemingly high level of skill in the art. The existence of these obstacles establishes that the contemporary knowledge in the art would prevent one of ordinary skill in the art from accepting any therapeutic regimen on its face.

The predictability in the art: It is noted that the pharmaceutical art is unpredictable, requiring each embodiment to be individually assessed for physiological activity. In re Fisher, 427 F. 2d 833, 166 USPQ 18 (CCPA 1970) indicates that the more unpredictable an area is, the more specific enablement is necessary in order to satisfy the statute. In the instant case, the instantly claimed invention is highly unpredictable since one skilled in the art would recognize that in

Art Unit: 1625

regards to the therapeutic effects of all diseases, whether or not the mediation of TGF-receptors pathway would make a difference in the disease. Hence, in the absence of a showing of a nexus between any and all known diseases and the mediation of TGF-receptor pathway, one of ordinary skill in the art is unable to fully predict possible results from the administration of the compound of claim 1 due to the unpredictability of the role of mediation of TGF-receptor pathways. Moreover, the form of the compound may affect the activity. It is not seen where any prodrug, hydrate or solvate was prepared.

The presence or absence of working examples: Several compounds according to the invention are prepared. However, it is not seen where prodrug, hydrate or solvate of any of the compounds were prepared or tested.

The amount of direction or guidance present: The guidance present in the specification is that several of the compounds are tested. However, the nexus between the test and the desired activity is not clear. Further, one should be able, from reading of the claims, determine what that claim does or does not encompass. Why? Because that claim preclude others from making, using, or selling that compound for 20 years. Therefore, one must know what cancers are being treated. It is well known that compounds can treat a variety of cancers. Paclitaxel, for example can treat breast and ovarian cancer. The claims as set forth in the specification applicants are purporting to treat 'cancer' in the generic sense. Hence, the amount of guidance present in the specification fails to present the necessary instruction to determine what tumors are encompassed by the claims.

The breadth of the claims: The claims are drawn to the prevention or treatment of a TGF-related disease with the compound of claim 1 its prodrug, hydrate or solvate; where the disease sate is selected form cancer. See clams 12 and 13.

The quantity of experimentation needed: The quantity of experimentation needed is undue. Applicant should not be able to preempt future work of others by means of claims to a generic concept. The amount of guidance necessary to perform applicant's invention would result in undue experimentation because the skilled artisan would be forced to randomly test numerous diseases including cancer to determine which ones, if any, could be treated/prevented by administering the claimed compounds.

The level of the skill in the art: The level of skill in the art is high. However, due to the unpredictability in the pharmaceutical art, it is noted that each embodiment of the invention is required to be individually assessed for physiological activity by in vitro and in vivo screening to determine which compounds exhibit the desired pharmacological activity and which diseases would benefit from this activity.

Thus, the specification fails to provide sufficient support of the broad use of the compounds of claim 1 for the treatment or prevention of a TGF-related disease state in general and cancer in particular. As a result necessitating one of ordinary skill to perform an exhaustive search for which diseases can be treated/prevented by which compound of claim 1 in order to practice the claimed invention.

Genentech Inc. v. Novo Nordisk A/S (CA FC) 42 USPQ2d 1001, states that "a patent is not a hunting license. It is not a reward for search, but compensation for its successful conclusion"

Art Unit: 1625

and "[p]atent protection is granted in return for an enabling disclosure of an invention, not for vague intimations of general ideas that may or may not be workable".

Therefore, in view of the Wands factors and In re Fisher (CCPA 1970) discussed above, to practice the claimed invention herein, one of ordinary skill in the art would have to engage in undue experimentation to test which diseases can be treated/prevented by the compounds of the instant claims, with no assurance of success.

This rejection can be overcome by deleting the claims.

Claims 2-11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 1-11 have been examined to the extend they read on the elected invention of X=AS and R1 being benzopyrimidine, R3/R4=nonheterocyclic, s= one to five. The prior art of record does not teach or fairly suggest the claimed invention.

Claims 12-13 are rejoined to extent they depend from or include all the limitations of an allowable product claim. See MPEP 821.04.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Amelia A. Owens whose telephone number is 571-272-0690. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 8:30 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Cecilia Tsang can be reached on 571-272-0562. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/667,187

Art Unit: 1625

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Amelia A. Owens Primary Examiner Art Unit 1625 Page 7

